

Cs-414 Group H  
Bryce Myers  
Sky Egelhoff  
Troy Cogburn  
Nate Gillard

Updated Domain  
Model. 10/22/14  
Authorized by  
Nate Gillard

## Glossary:

**Customer:** Represents a person purchasing items at the restaurant. Associated with an address for delivery.

**Address:** A location record for delivery. Locations are associated with customers and BankCardPayments.

**Receipt:** A record of the order transaction. Associated to an Order, a number of MenuItems, and a Payment.

**Order:** Represents the customer's purchase and status. Associated to an Employee a Customer and a Receipt.

**Employee:** Represents an employee of the restaurant; may be a cashier, chef, or manager.

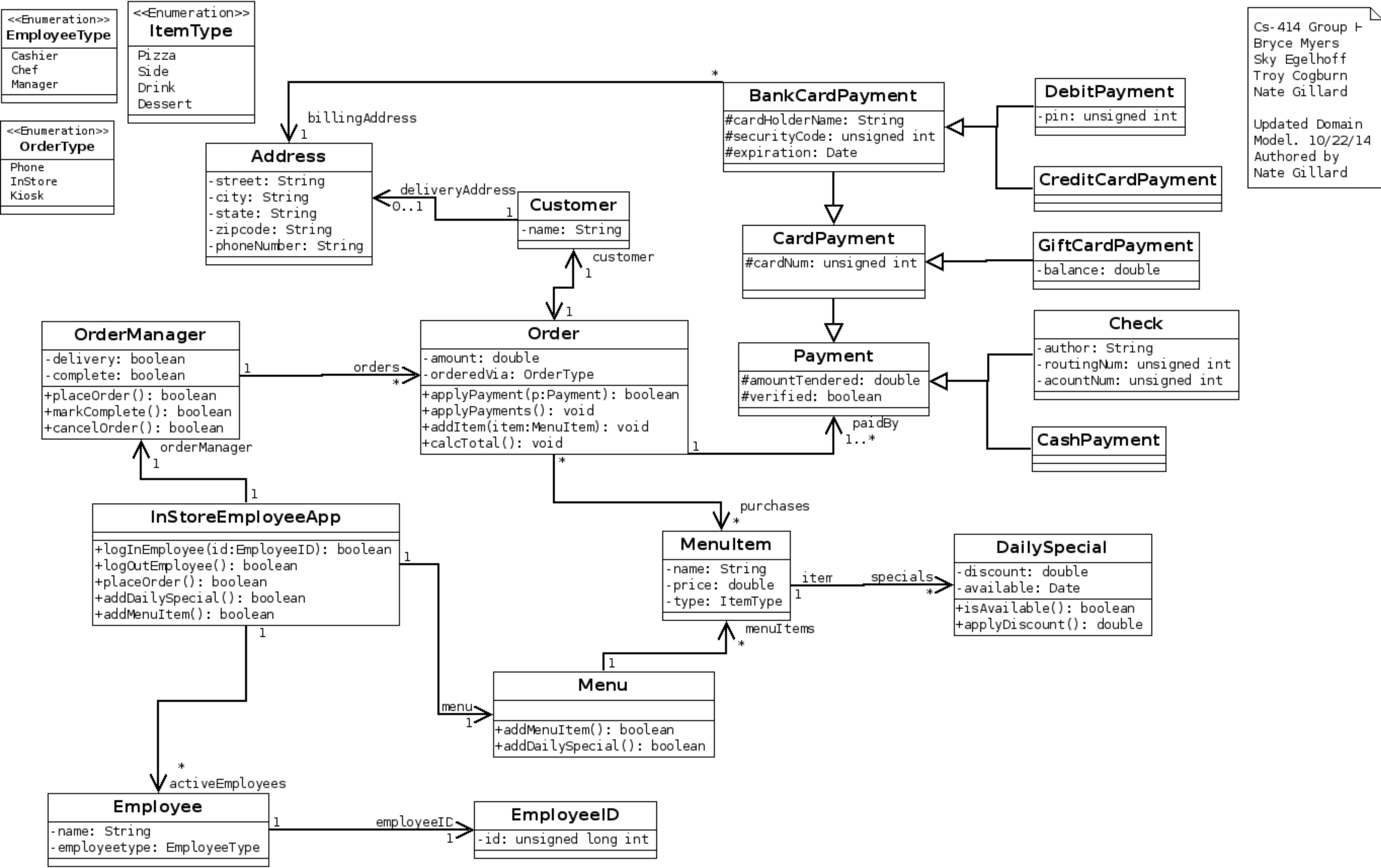
**Employee Identification:** A number to identify an employee.

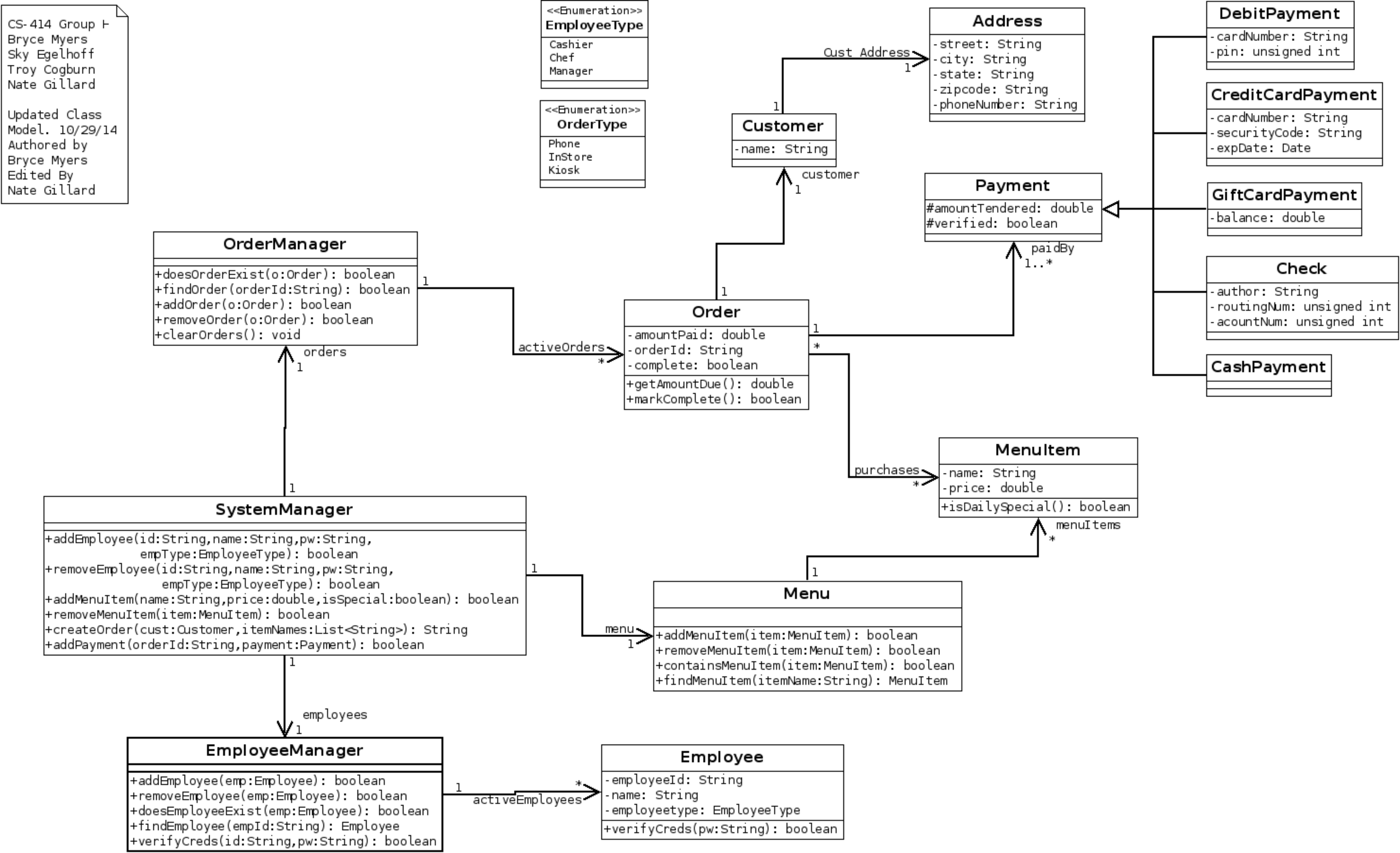
**Menu:** a list of foods and drinks offered at the restaurant.

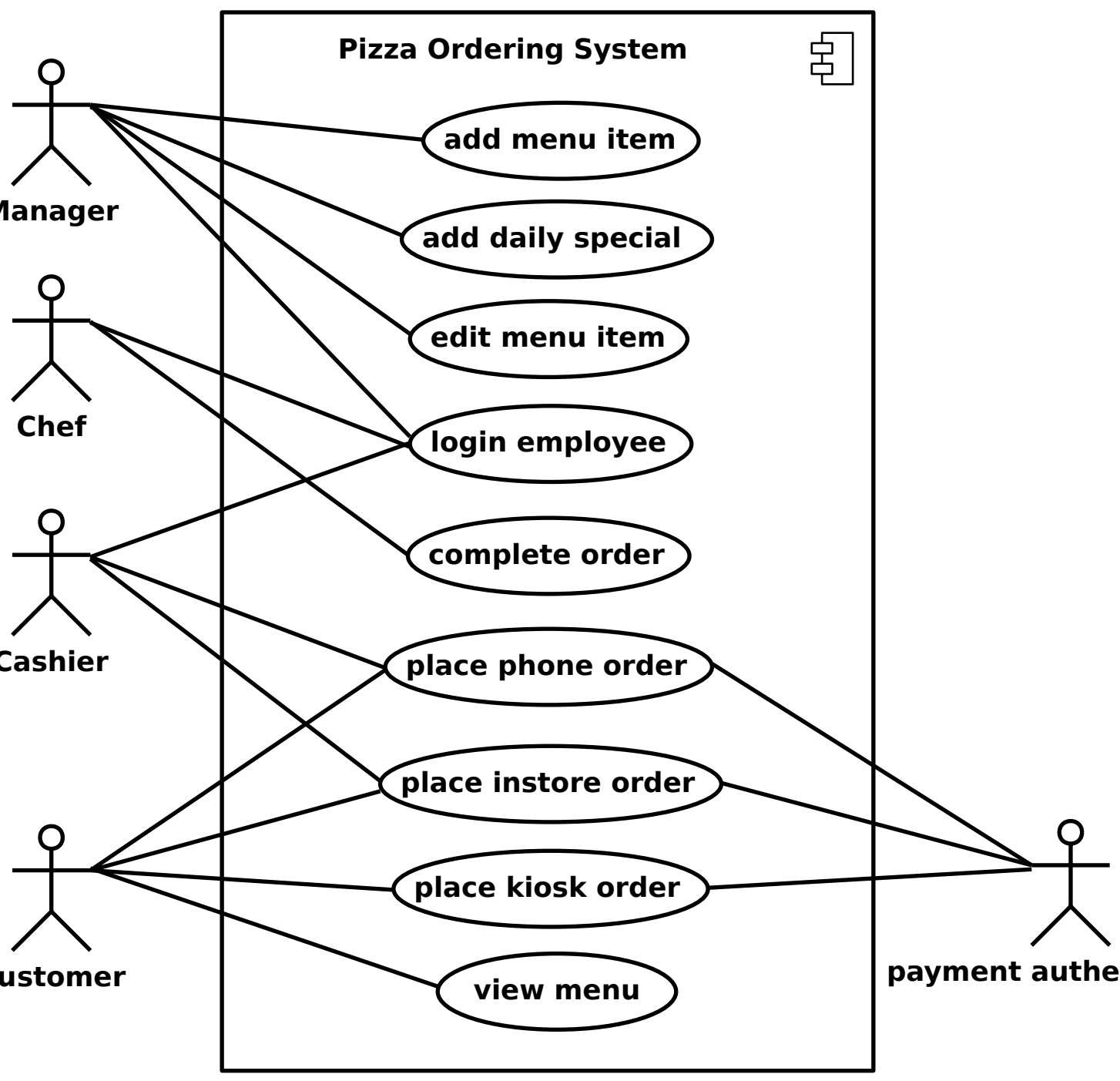
**MenuItem:** A single item a offered on the menu; may be a pizza, a side, a drink, or a dessert.

**DailySpecial:** A discount on a menu item.

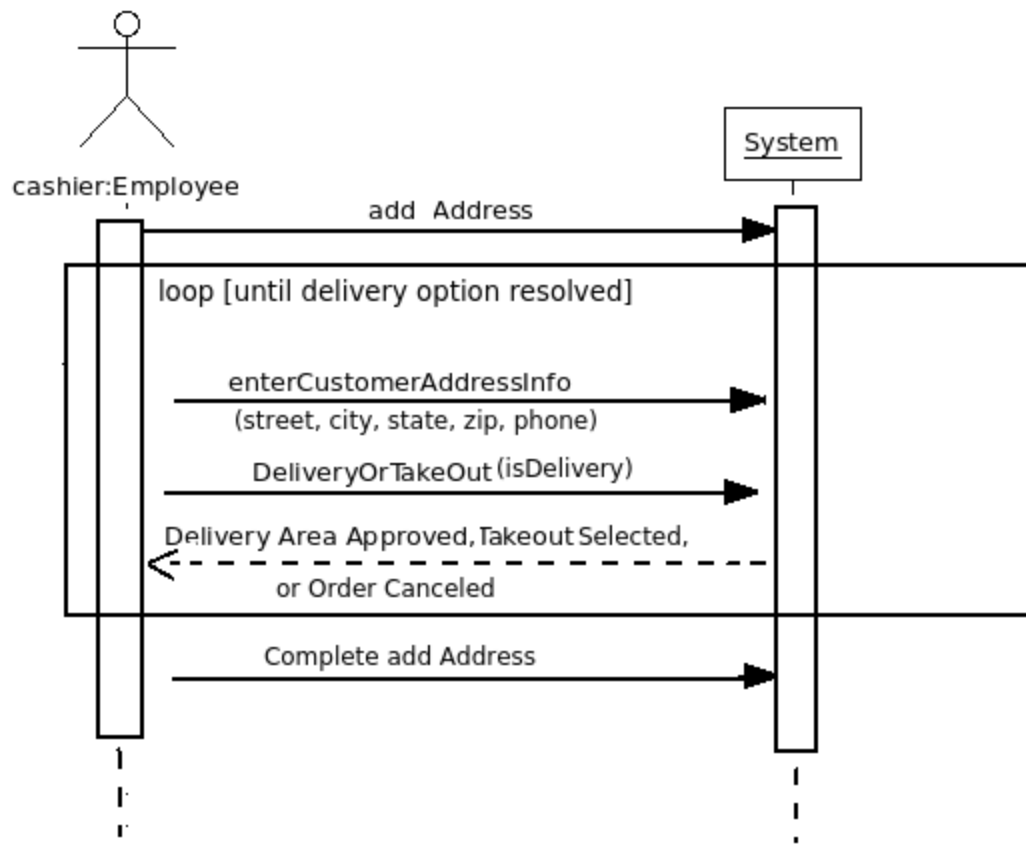
**Payment:** An amount of money in different forms, used by customer to purchase items. Payment forms require different information for processing in various scenarios. Associated with a Receipt.





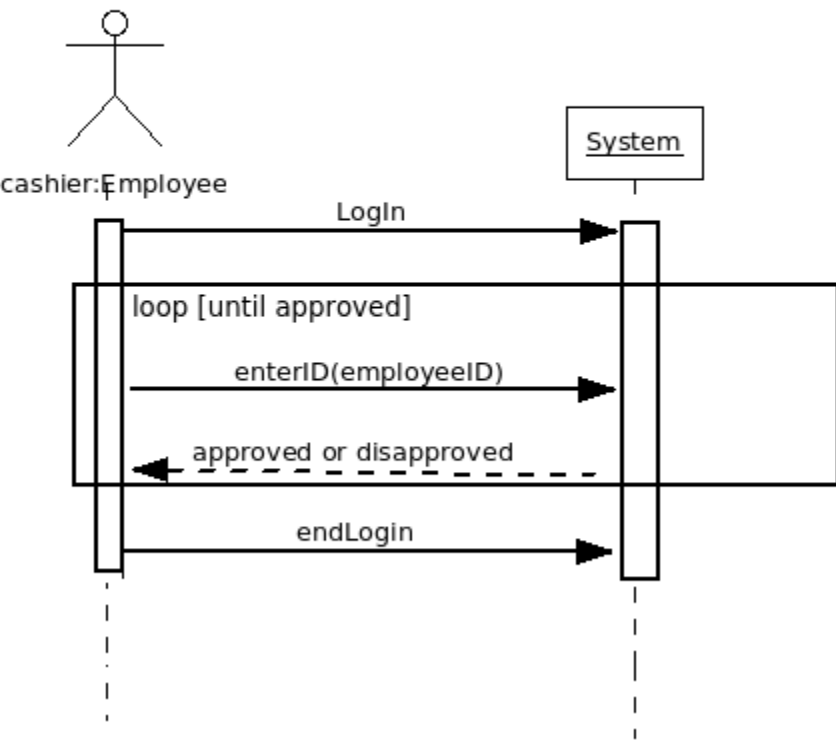


Scenario for adding  
address to an order.

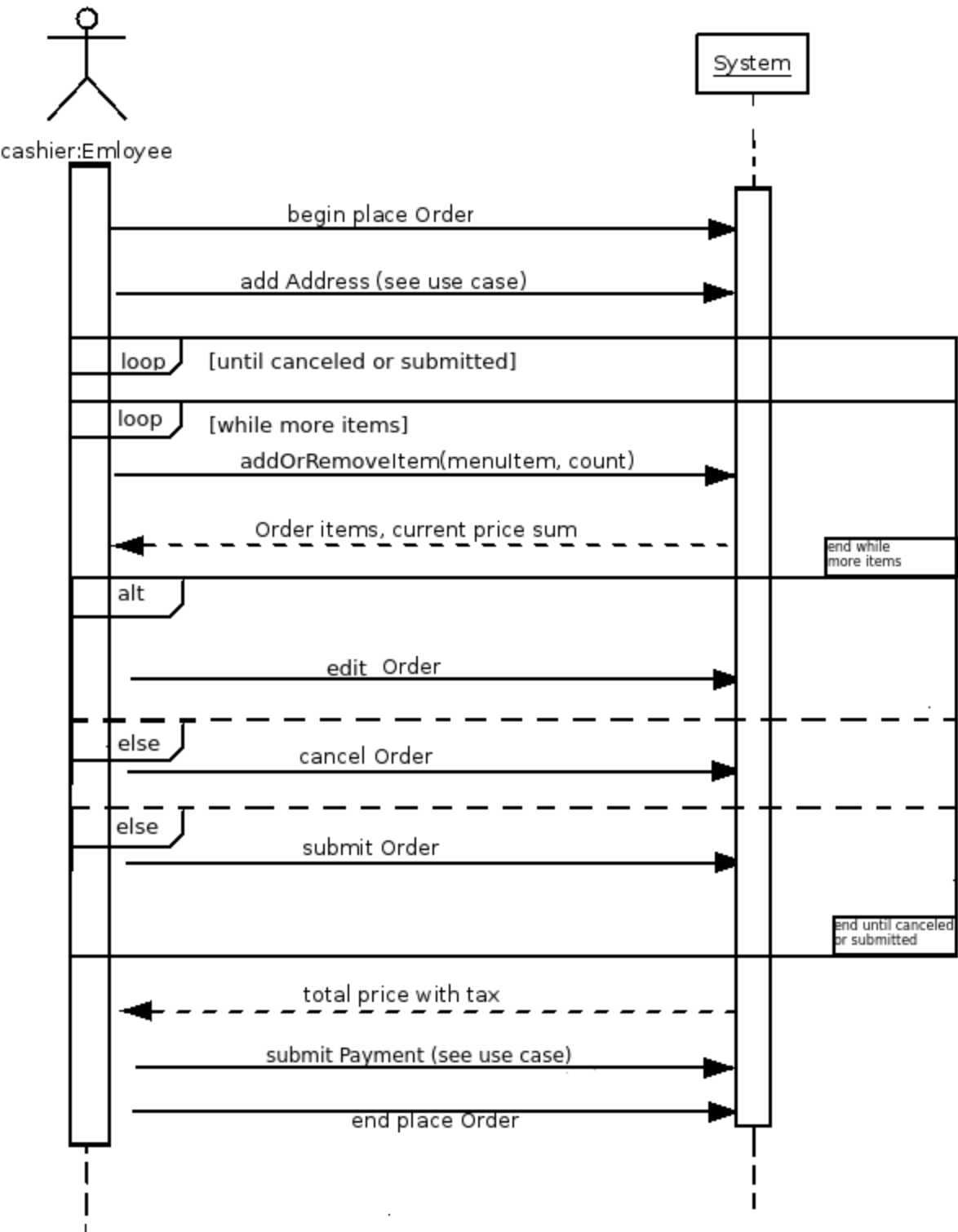




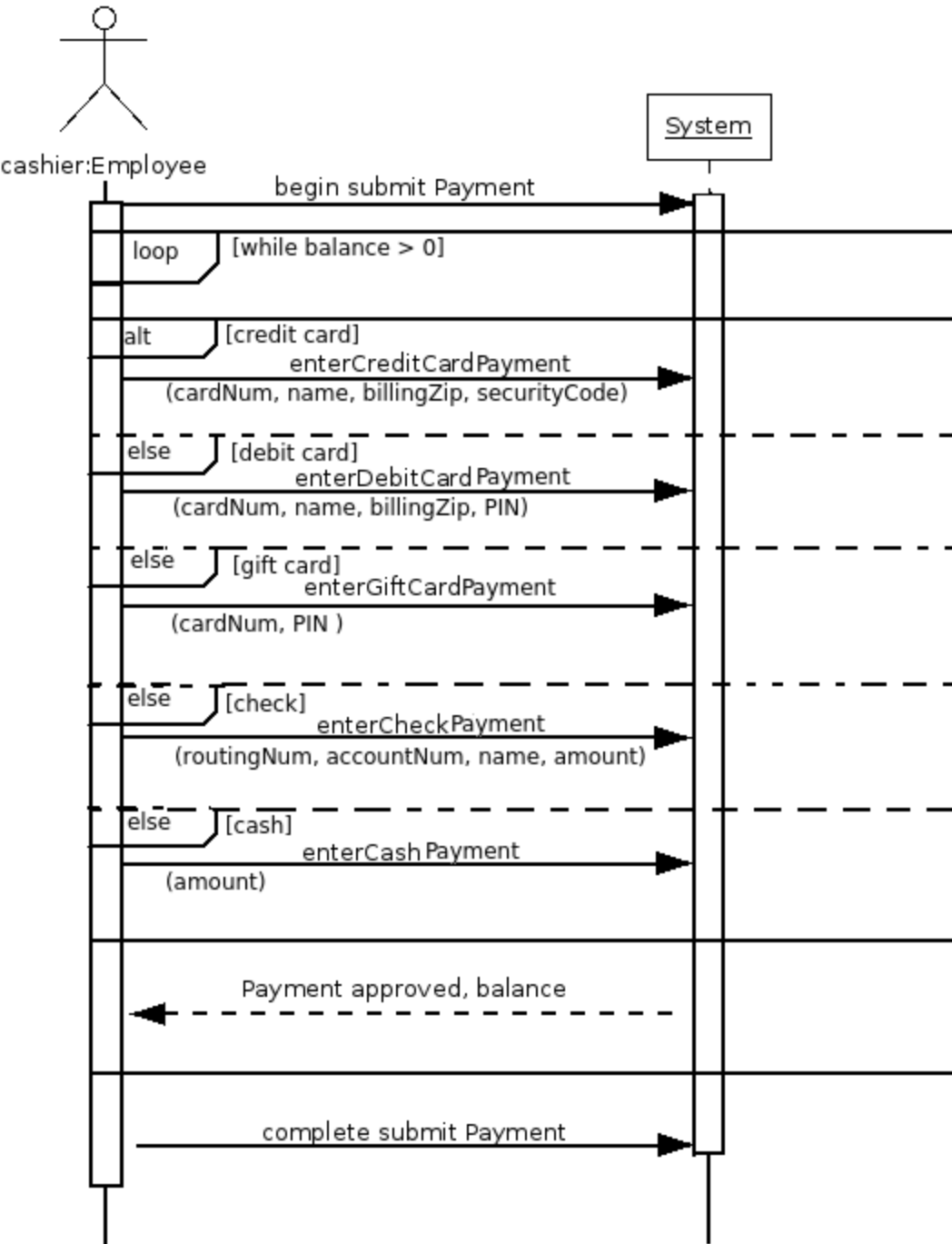
# Log in Scenario



# Scenario for In Store or Phone order

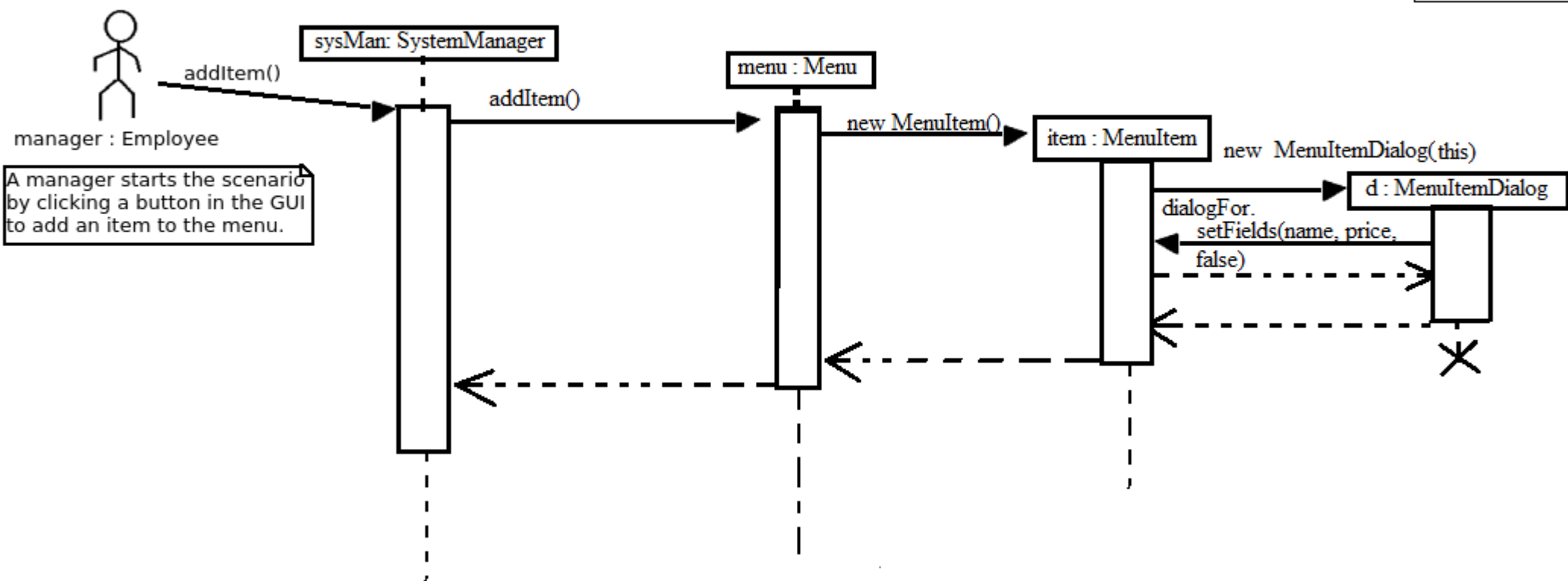


Scenario for submitting Payment  
for an Order.

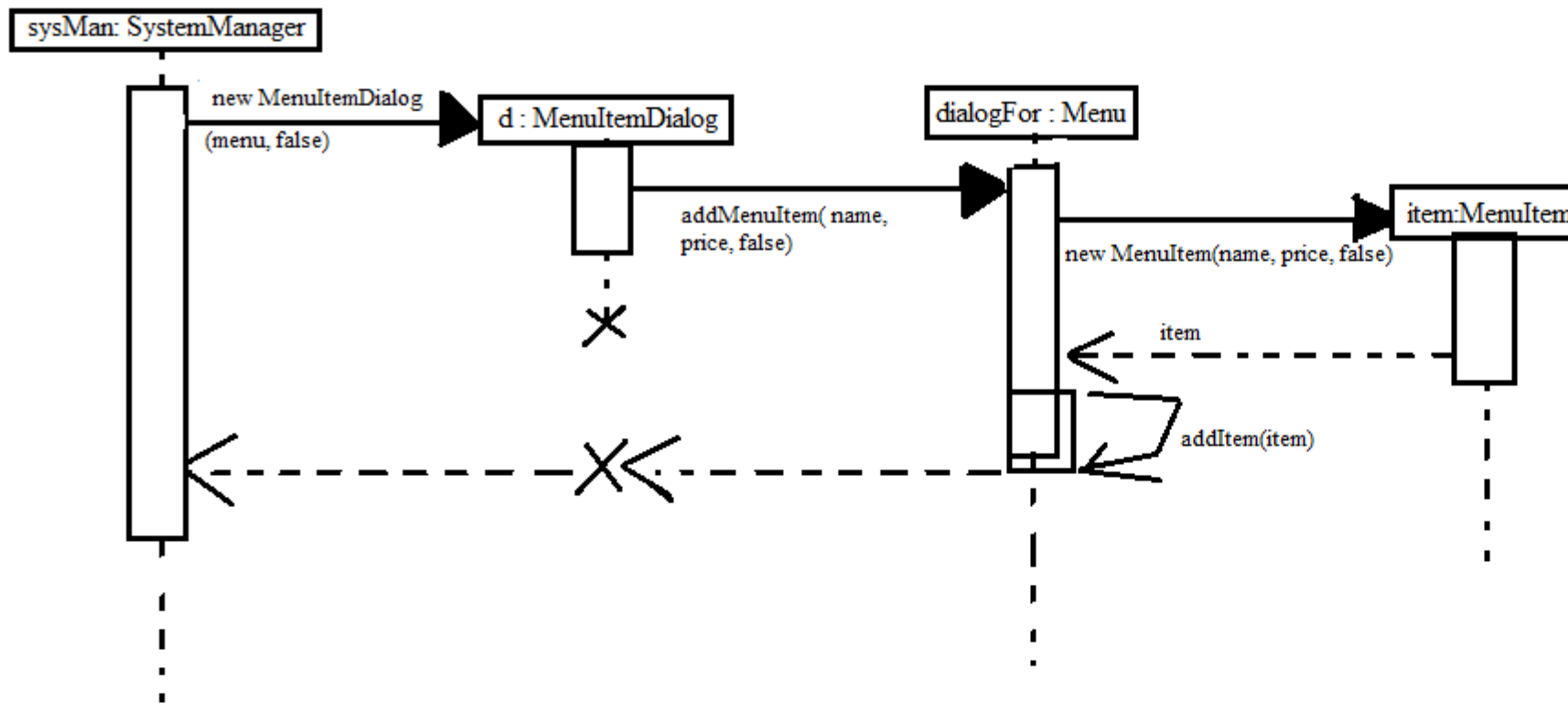


## Add MenuItem Sequence Diagram.

Cs-414 Group 1  
Bryce Myers  
Sky Egelhoff  
Troy Cogburn  
Nate Gillard



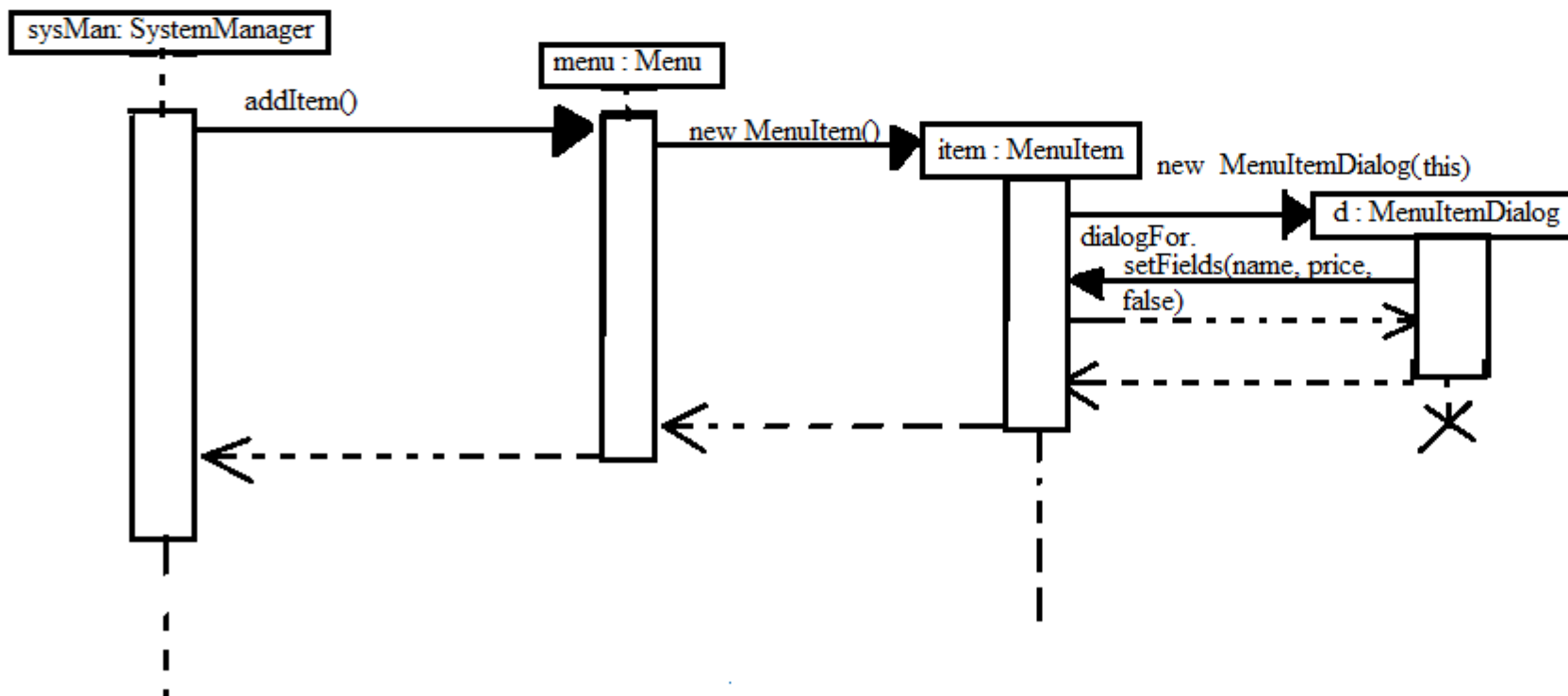
## Current Implementation of add MenuItem



Issues:

1. parameter passing. What if we need to add an item description? At least two calls need to change maybe more.
2. What happens when `dialogFor.addItem()` call returns to non-existent item?

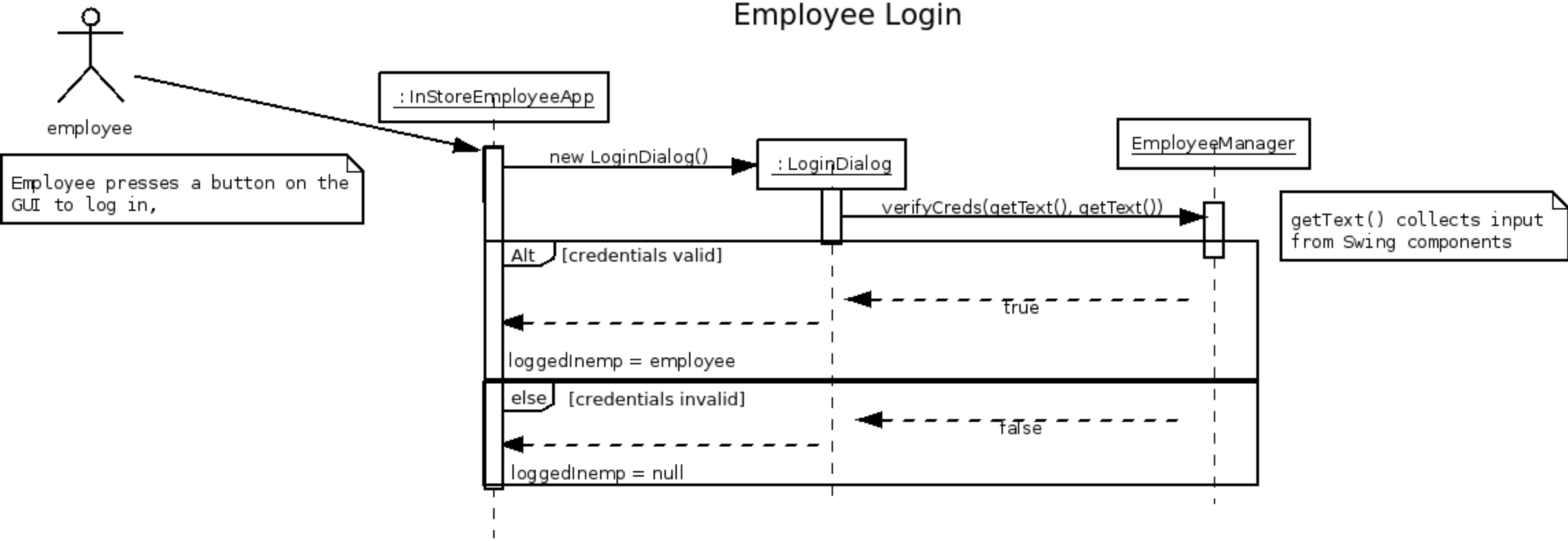
## Suggested Implementation:



Notes:

1. One one instance of parameter passing. this one can possibly be eliminated if 'd' is assigned to a variable in MenuItem constructor
2. No unpredictable return to non-existent objects.

# Employee Login





sysMan:SystemManager

placeOrder()

new Order()

order:Order

new Receipt()

receipt:Receipt

new Customer()

customer:Customer

new Address()

address:Address

customer

address

loop [while more items]

addItem(item:MenuItem)

calcTotal()

loop [while i < purchases.size()]

purchase[i] : MenuItem

getPrice()

price

total += price

loop [while total > 0]

new Payment()

paidBy:Payment

paidBy

applyPayment(paidby)

receipt

order

Cashier starts the scenario by pressing a button in the GUI which calls the place order operation.

Customer, Address, and Payment constructors should create a custom JDialog to collect information required to initialize these objects. This avoids passing all the required information as parameters from the SystemManager, Order, or Receipt. Receipt has a dialog to select MenuItems.

Cs-414 Group 1  
Bryce Myers  
Sky Egelhoff  
Troy Cogburn  
Nate Gillard



sysMan:SystemManager

placeOrder()

new Order()

order:Order

new Receipt()

receipt:Receipt

new Customer()

customer:Customer

new Address()

address:Address

customer

address

loop [while more items]

addItem(item:MenuItem)

calcTotal()

loop [while i < purchases.size()]

purchase[i] : MenuItem

getPrice()

price

total += price

loop [while total > 0]

new Payment()

paidBy:Payment

paidBy

applyPayment(paidby)

receipt

order

Cashier starts the scenario by pressing a button in the GUI which calls the place order operation.

Customer, Address, and Payment constructors should create a custom JDialog to collect information required to initialize these objects. This avoids passing all the required information as parameters from the SystemManager, Order, or Receipt. Receipt has a dialog to select MenuItems.

Cs-414 Group 1  
Bryce Myers  
Sky Egelhoff  
Troy Cogburn  
Nate Gillard



User pressed a button on the GUI to place a new order

Place Order Scenario

